# RESI AVAILABLE COLY

## PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

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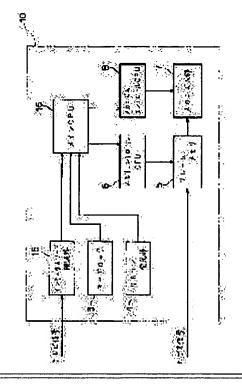
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(72)Inventor: WATANABE KATSUHIKO

## (54) VIDEO PRINTER AND ITS AUTOMATIC PRINT METHOD

### (57)Abstract:

PURPOSE: To obtain properly only a required picture in the video printer without viewing from the first to the end of a television program. CONSTITUTION: An index code detector 15 detects an index code superimposed on a television signal. When the index code is detected, a main CPU 16 controls that a picture on which the index code is superimposed is stored in a frame memory 5 and allows a mechanism section 7 to print out the picture. Thus, only a required picture is properly obtained without viewing from the start to the end of a television program.



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#### **CLAIMS**

[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] In the video printer equipped with the frame memory which records an image, a printing means to print an image, and the control means which controls printing of an image to said printing means while controlling record to said frame memory of the inputted image It has an in deck code extract means to extract the index code on which the inputted TV signal was overlapped. Said control means The video printer characterized by performing control which performs control which records the image with which it was superimposed on this in deck code on said frame memory, and which is printed with said both printing means when an index code is extracted by said in deck code extract means.

[Claim 2] The 1st process in which it judges whether the index code on which the inputted TV signal was overlapped was detected, The 2nd process in which it judges whether the image with which it was superimposed on this index code when it was judged that said index code was detected in said 1st process was recorded on the frame memory, The 3rd process in which it judges whether printing activation is possible when the image with which it was superimposed on said index code in said 2nd process is judged to have been recorded on the frame memory, The 4th process which outputs the command for printing the image recorded on said frame memory when it was judged in said 3rd process that printing activation is possible, The 5th process which outputs the command for making the image with which it was superimposed on said index code when the image with which it was superimposed on said index code in said 2nd process was judged not to be recorded on a frame memory record on said frame memory. The automatic printing approach of the video printer characterized by printing the image with which it was alike with the image and was superimposed more on the index code.

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#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[0001]

[Industrial Application] This invention relates to the video printer which prints the image copied out on television, and its automatic printing approach.

100021

[Description of the Prior Art] When printing an image with a video printer, he is trying to choose an image to print while a user surely looks at the image of a video cassette recorder (VCR) or television conventionally. In addition, a video cassette recorder is the same as that of a video tape recorder (VTR).

[0003] <u>Drawing 4</u> is the block diagram showing the outline configuration of the conventional video printer 1. In this drawing, 2 is Maine CPU which controls each part of equipment, and RAM used as ROM and the work area where the program for controlling CPU was written in is prepared in that interior. A key block for a user to give instruction code to Maine CPU 2, as for 3 and 4 are remote control receive sections, receive the command code transmitted from the infrared type remote commander which is not illustrated, and output it to Maine CPU 2.

[0004] The frame memory on which 5 records an image, and 6 are the memory control CPU for controlling a frame memory 5, and control a frame memory 5 by the bottom of control of Maine CPU 2. RAM used as ROM and the work area where the program for controlling a frame memory 5 was written in this memory control CPU 6 is prepared. 7 is the mechanism section which performs a video print, and prints out the image recorded on the frame memory 5. 8 is the mechanism control CPU for controlling the mechanism section 7, and controls the mechanism section 7 by the bottom of control of Maine CPU 2. RAM used as ROM and the work area where the program for controlling the mechanism section 7 was written in this mechanism control CPU 8 is prepared.

[0005] Thus, in the constituted video printer 1, if a user gives instruction code to Maine CPU 2 using a key block 3 or an infrared type remote commander, Maine CPU 2 interprets the instruction code, and if the contents are record of an image, it will output the instruction for recording an image on a frame memory 5 to the memory control CPU 6. On the other hand, if the contents of the above-mentioned instruction code are printing, the instruction for printing an image to the mechanism control CPU 8 will be outputted. [0006]

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention] By the way, if it was in the conventional video printer mentioned above, there was a trouble that it could not separate from the spot until it obtained the required image from being forced what is seen from the beginning of a TV program to the last, in order to obtain a required image (for example, a cook scene where an ingredient is displayed in a group), in a TV program.

[0007] Then, this invention aims at offering the video printer which can obtain only a required image suitably, and its automatic printing approach, without seeing from the beginning of a TV program to the last.
[0008]

[Means for Solving the Problem] The video printer by invention according to claim 1 for the above-mentioned purpose achievement In the video printer equipped with the frame memory which records an image, a printing means to print an image, and the control means which controls printing of an image to said printing means while controlling record to said frame memory of the inputted image It has an in deck code extract means to extract the index code on which the inputted TV signal was overlapped. Said control means When an index code is extracted by said in deck code extract means, it is characterized by performing control which performs control which records the image with which it was superimposed on this in deck code on said frame memory and which is printed with said both printing means.

[0009] Moreover, the automatic printing approach of the video printer by invention according to claim 2 The 1st process in which it judges whether the index code on which the inputted TV signal was overlapped was detected. The 2nd process in which it judges whether the image with which it was superimposed on this index code when it was judged that said index code was detected in said 1st process was recorded on the frame memory. The 3rd process in which it judges whether printing activation is possible when the image with which it was superimposed on said index code in said 2nd process is judged to have been recorded on the frame memory. The 4th process which outputs the command for printing the image recorded on said frame memory when it was judged in said 3rd process that printing activation is possible. The 5th process which outputs the command for making the image with which it was superimposed on said index code when the image with which it was superimposed on said index code in said 2nd process was judged not to be recorded on a frame memory record on said frame memory, It is characterized by printing the image with which it was alike with the image and was superimposed more on the index code.

[0010]

[Function] In this invention, an extract of the in deck code on which the TV signal was overlapped prints the image with which it was superimposed on the in deck code. Therefore, only a required image can be obtained suitably, without seeing from the beginning of a TV program to the last.

#### [0011]

[Example] Hereafter, this invention is explained based on a drawing. <u>Drawing 1</u> is the perspective view showing the busy condition of one example of the video printer of this invention. In this drawing, a video printer 10 inputs the video signal outputted from television 11, and the TV signal (RF signal) which was outputted from the antenna 12 and distributed with the distributor 13, respectively. Here, corresponding to the image which a user needs for the TV signal transmitted from a broadcasting station beforehand, it is superimposed on the index code. A video printer 10 will print the image corresponding to the index code, if the in deck code on which the inputted TV signal was overlapped is extracted.

[0012] <u>Drawing 2</u> is the block diagram showing the outline configuration of a video printer 10. In addition, the part which is common in <u>drawing 4</u> mentioned above is given with the same sign, and the explanation is omitted. In this drawing, 15 is an index code wave detector and detects the index code on a TV signal. The detected index code is inputted into Maine CPU 16. Maine CPU 16 gives the instruction printed while recording the image with which it was superimposed on the index code to the memory control CPU 6 and the mechanism control CPU 8 besides performing the same processing as conventional Maine CPU 2 when an index code was detected from the index code wave detector 15. In addition, above—mentioned Maine CPU 16 corresponds to a control means.

[0013] Automatic printing processing is explained in such a configuration, referring to the flow chart shown in <u>drawing 3</u>. In <u>drawing 3</u>, if it judges that it judged first whether the index code was detected at step S10, and detected, no which recorded the video signal to the frame memory 5 for performing automatic printing at step S12 will be judged. If it judges that the video signal to a frame memory 5 is not recorded in this judgment, after giving a record instruction to the memory control CPU 6 at step S14, no which recorded the video signal to a frame memory 5 will be again judged through step S10.

[0014] If it judges that the video signal to a frame memory 5 was recorded, it will judge whether it can print at step S16. That is, it judges whether there is any print sheet or there is any ink ribbon. Decision of that it can print gives a printing instruction to the mechanism control CPU 8 at step S18. The image with which it was superimposed on the index code is recorded on a frame memory 5 by this, and the image concerned is further printed in the mechanism section 7. Thus, the image with which it was superimposed on the index code is printed automatically.

[0015] Although the TV signal transmitted from a broadcasting station was incorporated in the application above-mentioned example, an image needed cannot be automatically printed with the image recorded by the video cassette recorder. Then, when an index code wave detector is formed also in a video cassette recorder side and an index code is detected, the index code is recorded on a video sub-code (VSC). And when a video cassette recorder plays the tape on which the index code was recorded on the video sub-code, the command (printing command) which LANC which controls this video cassette recorder, video printer, etc. generated based on the information on a video sub-code is supplied to a video printer 10. Thereby, a video printer 10 prints the image specified by a command. In addition, although there are an object for colors and an object for monochrome in a video printer, it cannot be overemphasized that the above-mentioned example can apply these either.

[0016]

[Effect of the Invention] since the image with which it was superimposed on the index code was printed when the index code on which the TV signal was overlapped was extracted according to this invention — the last \*\*\*\*\* from the beginning of a TV program — there are nothings and only a required image can be obtained suitably.

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#### **TECHNICAL FIELD**

[Industrial Application] This invention relates to the video printer which prints the image copied out on television, and its automatic printing approach.

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#### **PRIOR ART**

[Description of the Prior Art] When printing an image with a video printer, he is trying to choose an image to print while a user surely looks at the image of a video cassette recorder (VCR) or television conventionally. In addition, a video cassette recorder is the same as that of a video tape recorder (VTR).

[0003] <u>Drawing 4</u> is the block diagram showing the outline configuration of the conventional video printer 1. In this drawing, 2 is Maine CPU which controls each part of equipment, and RAM used as ROM and the work area where the program for controlling CPU was written in is prepared in that interior. A key block for a user to give instruction code to Maine CPU 2, as for 3 and 4 are remote control receive sections, receive the command code transmitted from the infrared type remote commander which is not illustrated, and output it to Maine CPU 2.

[0004] The frame memory on which 5 records an image, and 6 are the memory control CPU for controlling a frame memory 5, and control a frame memory 5 by the bottom of control of Maine CPU 2. RAM used as ROM and the work area where the program for controlling a frame memory 5 was written in this memory control CPU 6 is prepared. 7 is the mechanism section which performs a video print, and prints out the image recorded on the frame memory 5. 8 is the mechanism control CPU for controlling the mechanism section 7, and controls the mechanism section 7 by the bottom of control of Maine CPU 2. RAM used as ROM and the work area where the program for controlling the mechanism section 7 was written in this mechanism control CPU 8 is prepared.

[0005] Thus, in the constituted video printer 1, if a user gives instruction code to Maine CPU 2 using a key block 3 or an infrared type remote commander, Maine CPU 2 interprets the instruction code, and if the contents are record of an image, it will output the

remote commander, Maine CPU 2 interprets the instruction code, and if the contents are record of an image, it will output the instruction for recording an image on a frame memory 5 to the memory control CPU 6. On the other hand, if the contents of the above-mentioned instruction code are printing, the instruction for printing an image to the mechanism control CPU 8 will be outputted.

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## **EFFECT OF THE INVENTION**

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## **TECHNICAL PROBLEM**

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention] By the way, if it was in the conventional video printer mentioned above, there was a trouble that it could not separate from the spot until it obtained the required image from being forced what is seen from the beginning of a TV program to the last, in order to obtain a required image (for example, a cook scene where an ingredient is displayed in a group), in a TV program.

[0007] Then, this invention aims at offering the video printer which can obtain only a required image suitably, and its automatic printing approach, without seeing from the beginning of a TV program to the last.

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#### **MEANS**

[Means for Solving the Problem] The video printer by invention according to claim 1 for the above—mentioned purpose achievement In the video printer equipped with the frame memory which records an image, a printing means to print an image, and the control means which controls printing of an image to said printing means while controlling record to said frame memory of the inputted image It has an in deck code extract means to extract the index code on which the inputted TV signal was overlapped. Said control means When an index code is extracted by said in deck code extract means, it is characterized by performing control which performs control which records the image with which it was superimposed on this in deck code on said frame memory and which is printed with said both printing means.

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#### **OPERATION**

[Function] In this invention, an extract of the in deck code on which the TV signal was overlapped prints the image with which it was superimposed on the in deck code. Therefore, only a required image can be obtained suitably, without seeing from the beginning of a TV program to the last.

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#### **EXAMPLE**

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#### **DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS**

[Brief Description of the Drawings]

[Drawing 1] It is the perspective view showing the busy condition of one example of the video printer concerning this invention.

[Drawing 2] It is the block diagram of the video printer of this example.

[Drawing 3] It is the flow chart of automatic printing processing of the video printer of this example.

[Drawing 4] It is the block diagram of the conventional video printer.

[Description of Notations]

5 Frame Memory

6 Memory Control CPU

7 Mechanism Section (Printing Means)

8 Mechanism Control CPU

15 Index Wave Detector (Index Code Extract Means)

16 Maine CPU (Control Means)

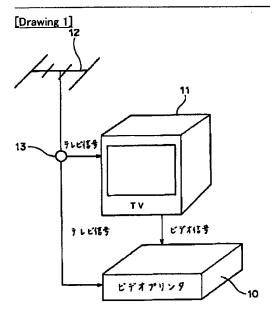
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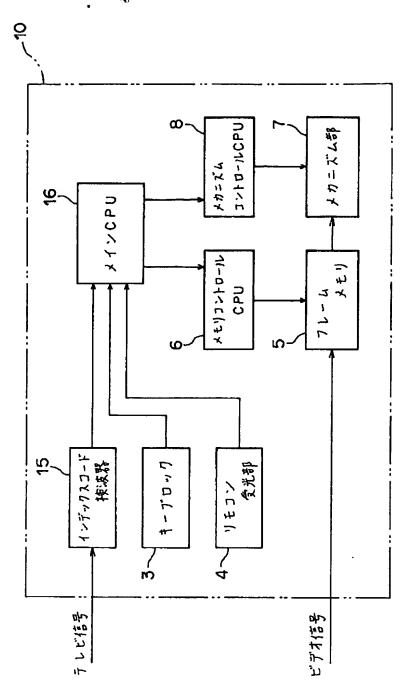
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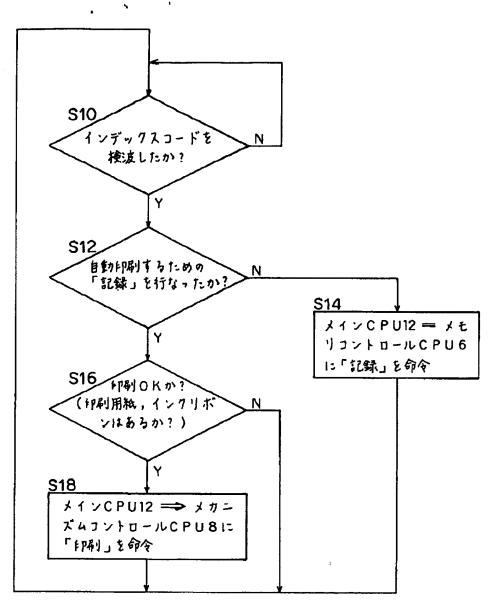
## **DRAWINGS**



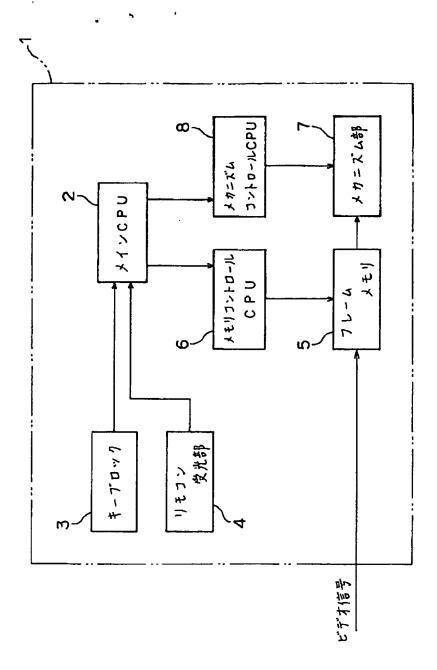
[Drawing 2]



[Drawing 3]



[Drawing 4]



## (19)日本国特許庁 (JP)

## (12) 公開特許公報(A)

## (11)特許出願公開番号

## 特開平7-170473

(43)公開日 平成7年(1995)7月4日

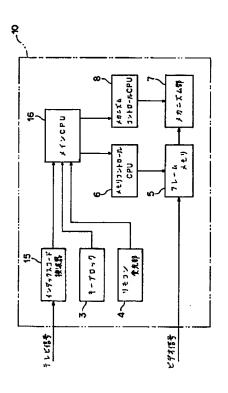
(51) Int.Cl. <sup>6</sup> H 0 4 N B 4 1 J H 0 4 N	5/76 5/30 1/21	<b>識別記号</b> E Z	庁内整理番号	FΙ			技術表示箇所
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(21)出願番号		特顯平5-341954		(71)出顧人	関人 000002185 ソニー株式会社		
(22)出顧日		平成5年(1993)12月				T日 7 型05县	
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				(74)代理人		高橋 光男	

## (54) 【発明の名称】 ビデオプリンタ及びその自動印刷方法

## (57)【要約】

【目的】 ビデオプリンタにおいて、テレビ番組の最初から最後まで見ることなく、必要な画像のみを適宜得ることができるようにする。

【構成】 インデックスコード検波器 1 5にてテレビ信号に重畳されたインデックスコードを検波する。そして、インデックスコードが検波されたときに、メイン C P U 1 6 が、該インデックコードが重畳された画像をフレームメモリ 5 に記録する制御を行う共にメカニズム部7にて印刷する制御を行う。これにより、テレビ番組の最初から最後まで見ることなく、必要な画像のみを適宜得ることが可能になる。



### 【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 画像を記録するフレームメモリと、 画像を印刷する印刷手段と、

入力した画像の前記フレームメモリへの記録を制御すると共に前記印刷手段に対して画像の印刷を制御する制御手段と、

1

を備えたビデオプリンタにおいて、

入力したテレビ信号に重畳されたインデックスコードを 抽出するインデックコード抽出手段を有し、

前記制御手段は、前記インデックコード抽出手段により 10 インデックスコードが抽出されたときに、該インデック コードが重畳された画像を前記フレームメモリに記録す る制御を行う共に前記印刷手段にて印刷する制御を行う ことを特徴とするビデオプリンタ。

【請求項2】 入力したテレビ信号に重畳されたインデックスコードを検波したか否かの判定を行う第1の過程、

前記第1の過程において前記インデックスコードが検波 されたと判断された場合に該インデックスコードが重畳 された画像がフレームメモリに記録されたか否かの判定 20 を行う第2の過程、

前記第2の過程において前記インデックスコードが重畳 された画像がフレームメモリに記録されたと判断された 場合に印刷実行可能か否かの判定を行う第3の過程、

前記第3の過程において印刷実行可能と判断された場合 に前記フレームメモリに記録された画像を印刷するため の指令を出力する第4の過程、

前記第2の過程において前記インデックスコードが重畳された画像がフレームメモリに記録されていないと判断された場合に前記インデックスコードが重畳された画像 30 を前記フレームメモリに記録させるための指令を出力する第5の過程、によりインデックスコードが重畳された画像の印刷を行うことを特徴とするビデオプリンタの自動印刷方法。

## 【発明の詳細な説明】

### [0001]

【産業上の利用分野】本発明は、例えばテレビに写し出 された映像を印刷するビデオプリンタ及びその自動印刷 方法に関する。

### [0002]

【従来の技術】従来より、ビデオプリンタで映像を印刷するときには、必ずユーザがビデオカセットレコーダ(VCR)、もしくはテレビの映像を見ながら印刷したい画像を選択するようにしている。なお、ビデオカセットレコーダはビデオテープレコーダ(VTR)と同様のものである。

【0003】図4は従来のビデオプリンタ1の概略構成を示すブロック図である。この図において、2は装置各部を制御するメインCPUであり、その内部にはCPUを制御するためのプログラムが書き込まれたROMおよ50

びワークエリアとして使用するRAMが設けられている。3はユーザがメインCPU2に命令コードを与えるためのキーブロック、4はリモコン受信部であり、図示せぬ赤外線式リモートコマンダより送信される指令コードを受信し、メインCPU2に出力する。

【0004】5は画像を記録するフレームメモリ、6はフレームメモリ5を制御するためのメモリコントロールCPUであり、メインCPU2の制御下でフレームメモリ5の制御を行う。このメモリコントロールCPU6にはフレームメモリ5の制御を行うためのプログラムが書き込まれたROMおよびワークエリアとして使用するRAMが設けられている。7はビデオプリントを行うメカニズム部であり、フレームメモリ5に記録された画像をプリントアウトする。8はメカニズム部7を制御するためのメカニズムコントロールCPUであり、メインCPU2の制御下でメカニズム部7の制御を行う。この米カニズムコントロールCPUであり、メインCPU2の制御下でメカニズム部7の制御を行うためのプログラムが書き込まれたROMおよびワークエリアとして使用するRAMが設けられている。

【0005】このように構成されたビデオプリンタ1において、ユーザーがキープロック3または赤外線式リモートコマンダを使用して命令コードをメインCPU2に与えると、メインCPU2はその命令コードを解釈し、その内容が画像の記録であれば、メモリコントロールCPU6に対して画像をフレームメモリ5に記録するための命令を出力する。他方、上記命令コードの内容が印刷であれば、メカニズムコントロールCPU8に対して画像を印刷するための命令を出力する。

#### [0006]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】ところで、上述した従来のビデオプリンタにあっては、テレビ番組のなかで必要な画像(例えば料理番組では材料が表示される場面)を得るためにテレビ番組の最初から最後まで見ることを強要されることから、必要な画像を得るまではその場から離れることができないという問題点があった。

【0007】そこで本発明は、テレビ番組の最初から最後まで見ることなく、必要な画像のみを適宜得ることができるビデオプリンタ及びその自動印刷方法を提供することを目的としている。

#### 0 [0008]

【課題を解決するための手段】上記目的達成のため請求項1記載の発明によるビデオプリンタは、画像を記録するフレームメモリと、画像を印刷する印刷手段と、入力した画像の前記フレームメモリへの記録を制御すると共に前記印刷手段に対して画像の印刷を制御する制御手段とを備えたビデオプリンタにおいて、入力したテレビ信号に重畳されたインデックスコードを抽出するインデックコード抽出手段を有し、前記制御手段は、前記インデックコード抽出手段によりインデックスコードが抽出されたときに、該インデックコードが重畳された画像を前

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記フレームメモリに記録する制御を行う共に前記印刷手 段にて印刷する制御を行うことを特徴とする。

【0009】また、請求項2記載の発明によるビデオプ リンタの自動印刷方法は、入力したテレビ信号に重畳さ れたインデックスコードを検波したか否かの判定を行う 第1の過程、前記第1の過程において前記インデックス コードが検波されたと判断された場合に該インデックス コードが重畳された画像がフレームメモリに記録された か否かの判定を行う第2の過程、前記第2の過程におい て前記インデックスコードが重畳された画像がフレーム 10 メモリに記録されたと判断された場合に印刷実行可能か 否かの判定を行う第3の過程、前記第3の過程において 印刷実行可能と判断された場合に前記フレームメモリに 記録された画像を印刷するための指令を出力する第4の 過程、前記第2の過程において前記インデックスコード が重畳された画像がフレームメモリに記録されていない と判断された場合に前記インデックスコードが重畳され た画像を前記フレームメモリに記録させるための指令を 出力する第5の過程、によりインデックスコードが重畳 された画像の印刷を行うことを特徴とする。

#### [0010]

【作用】本発明では、テレビ信号に重畳されたインデッ クコードを抽出すると、そのインデックコードが重畳さ れた画像の印刷を行う。したがって、テレビ番組の最初 から最後まで見ることなく、必要な画像のみを適宜得る ことができる。

#### [0011]

【実施例】以下、本発明を図面に基づいて説明する。図 1は本発明のビデオプリンタの一実施例の使用状態を示 す斜視図である。この図において、ビデオプリンタ10 30 は、テレビ11より出力されるビデオ信号と、アンテナ 12より出力され、分配器13にて分配されたテレビ信 号(RF信号)を、それぞれ入力する。ここで、放送局 より送信されるテレビ信号には、予めユーザが必要とす る画像に対応してインデックスコードが重畳されてい る。ビデオプリンタ10は、入力したテレビ信号に重畳 されたインデックコードを抽出すると、そのインデック スコードに対応する画像を印刷する。

【0012】図2はビデオプリンタ10の概略構成を示 すブロック図である。なお、前述した図4と共通する部 40 分には同一の符号と付してその説明を省略する。この図 において、15はインデックスコード検波器であり、テ レビ信号上のインデックスコードを検波する。検波され たインデックスコードはメインCPU16に入力され る。メインCPU16は、従来のメインCPU2と同様 の処理を行う以外に、インデックスコード検波器 15よ りインデックスコードが検波されたときに、メモリコン トロールCPU6およびメカニズムコントロールCPU 8に対して、インデックスコードが重畳された画像を記 録すると共に印刷する命令を与える。なお、上記メイン 50

CPU16は制御手段に対応する。

【0013】このような構成において、図3に示すフロ ーチャートを参照しながら自動印刷処理について説明す る。図3において、まず、ステップS10でインデック スコードを検波したか否かの判定を行い、検波したと判 断すると、ステップS12で自動印刷を行うためのフレ ームメモリ5へのビデオ信号の記録を行った否かの判定 を行う。この判定においてフレームメモリ5へのビデオ 信号の記録を行っていないと判断すると、ステップS1 4 でメモリコントロール C P U 6 に対して記録命令を与 えた後、再度、ステップS10を介して、フレームメモ リ5へのビデオ信号の記録を行った否かの判定を行う。 【0014】フレームメモリ5へのビデオ信号の記録を 行ったと判断すると、ステップS16で印刷が可能であ るか否かの判断を行う。すなわち、印刷用紙があるか、 インクリボンがあるか等の判断を行う。印刷が可能であ ると判断すると、ステップS18でメカニズムコントロ ールCPU8に対して印刷命令を与える。これにより、 インデックスコードが重畳された画像がフレームメモリ 5に記録され、さらに当該画像がメカニズム部7にて印 刷される。このように、インデックスコードが重畳され た画像が自動的に印刷される。

【0015】応用例、上記実施例では、放送局より送信 されてくるテレビ信号を取り込むものであったが、ビデ オカセットレコーダで記録された映像では、欲しい画像 を自動的に印刷することはできない。そこで、ビデオカ セットレコーダ側にもインデックスコード検波器を設 け、インデックスコードを検波したときに、そのインデ ックスコードをビデオサブコード (VSC) 上に記録す る。そして、ビデオサブコード上にインデックスコード が記録されたテープを、ビデオカセットレコーダが再生 したときに、このビデオカセットレコーダとビデオプリ ンタ等を制御するLANCがビデオサブコード上の情報 に基づいて生成したコマンド (印刷指令) をビデオプリ ンタ10に供給する。これにより、ビデオプリンタ10 はコマンドが指定する画像を印刷する。なお、ビデオプ リンタには、カラー用とモノクロ用とがあるが、上記実 施例はこれらのいずれでも適用できることは言うまでも ない。

## [0016]

【発明の効果】本発明によれば、テレビ信号に重畳され たインデックスコードを抽出したときに、そのインデッ クスコードが重畳された画像を印刷するようにしたの で、テレビ番組の最初から最後ま見ることなく、必要な 画像のみを適宜得ることができる。

#### 【図面の簡単な説明】

【図1】本発明に係るビデオプリンタの一実施例の使用 状態を示す斜視図である。

【図2】同実施例のビデオプリンタのブロック図であ る。

- 5

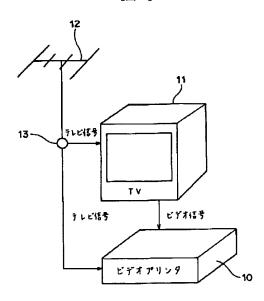
【図3】同実施例のビデオプリンタの自動印刷処理のフローチャートである。

【図4】従来のビデオプリンタのブロック図である。 【符号の説明】

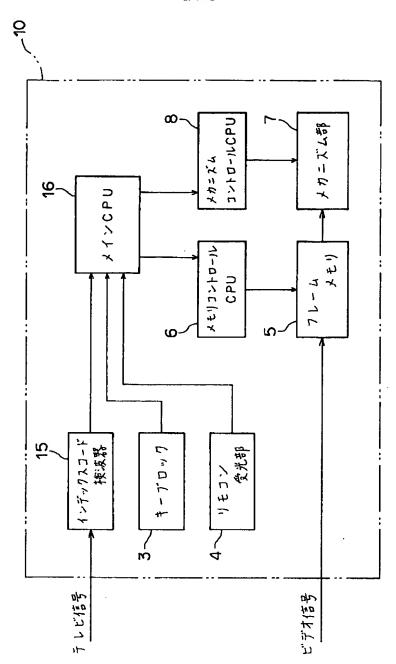
- 5 フレームメモリ
- 6 メモリコントロールCPU

- \*7 メカニズム部(印刷手段)
  - 8 メカニズムコントロール CPU
  - 15 インデックス検波器(インデックスコード抽出手段)
  - 16 メインCPU (制御手段)

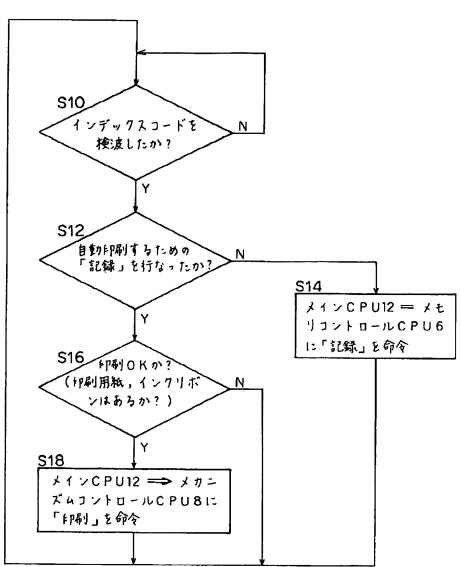
【図1】



【図2】







[図4]

